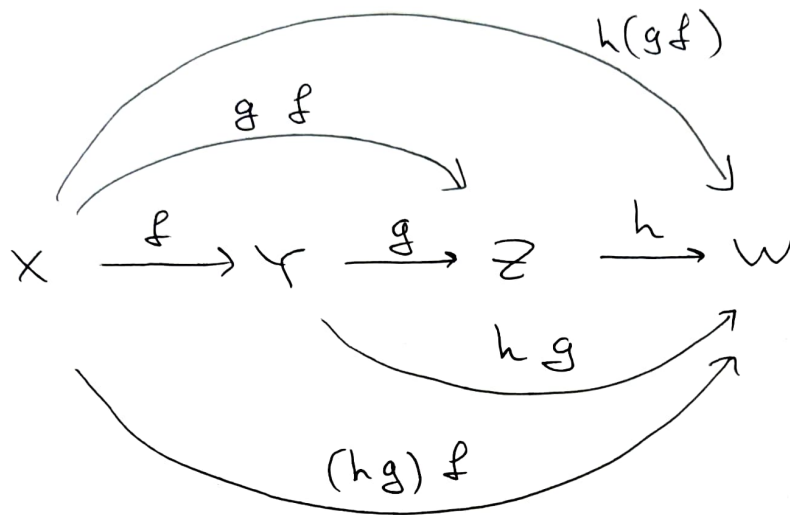


Meaning of associativity

(Informal guide).

Comes from sets and maps of sets

Sets X, Y, Z, W , maps $X \xrightarrow{f} Y \xrightarrow{g} Z \xrightarrow{h} W$



$(hg)f = h(gf)$ same map $x \in X \mapsto h(g(f(x)))$

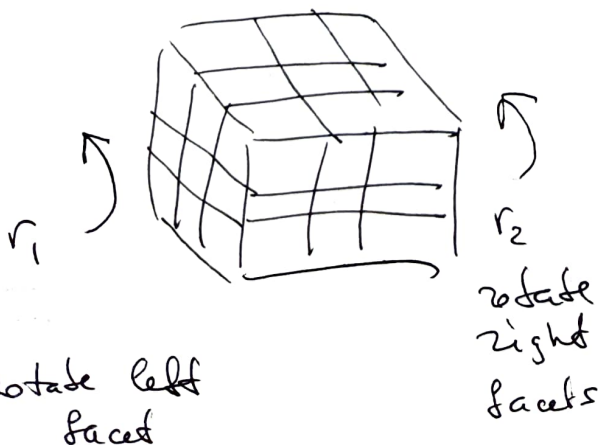
Meaning of commutativity

1) Operations on "far-away" or disjoint parts of a structure commute.

2) Symmetries of Rubik's Cube

r_3 rotate top facet

permuting 2 disjoint subsets of 9 little cubes \Rightarrow



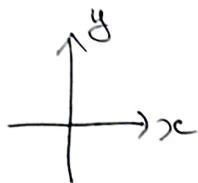
$$r_1 r_2 = r_2 r_1$$

commute

$$r_1 r_3 \neq r_3 r_1$$

do not commute.

b)



r_1 : reflect about y-axis

$$(x, y) \rightarrow (-x, y)$$

r_2 : reflect about x-axis

$$(x, y) \rightarrow (x, -y)$$

$$r_1 r_2 = r_2 r_1$$

act on \mathbb{R}^2 on different coordinates

$$\mathbb{R}^2 = \mathbb{R} \oplus \mathbb{R}$$

$$\begin{matrix} \circlearrowleft & \circlearrowleft \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{matrix}$$

similar to (a)

2) commutativity of $+$ in $\mathbb{N}, \mathbb{Z}, \mathbb{Q}, \mathbb{R}$

operator $n \mapsto n+1$ (add 1) $A(n) = n+1$

A -operator \Rightarrow powers of A , $A^m = A \dots A$

powers of A commute

A^{-1} inverse (act on \mathbb{Z}) $n \mapsto n-1$

$$\sqrt[m]{A} = A^{1/m}$$

powers of $A^{1/m}$ commute $A^{1/m}(x) = x + \frac{1}{m}$

acts on rationals \mathbb{Q}

$A^{1/m}$, \rightsquigarrow complete to \mathbb{R}

$\mathbb{N}, \mathbb{Z}, \mathbb{Q}, \mathbb{R}$ "small" structures, built out of powers of a single operator \Rightarrow commutativity.