

A functor $F: C \rightarrow C$

is exact if it takes
short exact sequences to
short exact sequences

$$0 \rightarrow M_1 \rightarrow M_2 \rightarrow M_3 \rightarrow 0$$



$$0 \rightarrow FM_1 \rightarrow FM_2 \rightarrow FM_3 \rightarrow 0$$

F induces an endomorphism

$[F]$ of $G_0(C)$ taking

$[M]$ to $[FM]$

A categorification of the ring of polynomials $\mathbb{Q}[x]$.

Differentiation ∂ and multiplication by x are operators on $\mathbb{Q}[x]$, and

$$\partial x = x\partial + 1$$

Have two integral lattices

$$\mathbb{Z}[x] \text{ and } \mathbb{Z}\left[\frac{x^n}{n!}\right]$$

stable under x and ∂ .

Have a bilinear form $(,)$

$$\mathbb{Z}[x] \times \mathbb{Z}\left[\frac{x^n}{n!}\right] \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$$

$$(x^m, x^n) = \delta_{n,m} n!$$

$$(x \cdot f, g) = (f, \partial g)$$

After categorification, $(,)$

will become $\text{Hom}(,)$ and

x, ∂ will become adjoint functors

$$\text{Hom}(X M, N) \cong \text{Hom}(M, \partial N)$$

T_i - Newton divided difference operator on polynomials

$$f \in \mathbb{C}[y_1, y_2, \dots, y_n]$$

$S_i f$ - permute y_i and y_{i+1} in f

$$S_1(y_1^3 y_2) = y_2^3 y_1$$

$$T_i f = \frac{f - S_i f}{y_i - y_{i+1}}$$

$$T_1(y_1^3 y_2) = \frac{y_1^3 y_2 - y_1 y_2^3}{y_1 - y_2} =$$

$$= y_1 y_2 (y_1 + y_2)$$

R_n - nil Coxeter algebra / field \mathbb{C}

generators T_1, T_2, \dots, T_{n-1}

relations

$$T_i^2 = 0$$

$$T_i T_j = T_j T_i \quad |i-j| > 1$$

$$T_i T_{i+1} T_i = T_{i+1} T_i T_{i+1}$$

$$\dim R_n = n!$$

Has unique simple module

$$L_n = \mathbb{C}v, \quad T_i v = 0$$

$$G_0(R_n) \cong \mathbb{Z}, \text{ generator } [L_n]$$

$$G_0(R_n\text{-mod}) \cong \mathbb{Z} \frac{x^n}{n!}$$

$$[L_n] \mapsto \frac{x^n}{n!}$$

R_n has composition series with $n!$ copies of L_n

$$[R_n] = n! [L_n]$$

$$[R_n] \mapsto x^n$$

Have inclusions $R_n \subset R_{n+1}$

Induction and restriction functors

$$R_n\text{-mod} \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{\text{Ind}} \\ \xleftarrow{\text{Res}} \end{array} R_{n+1}\text{-mod}$$

$A \subset B$ inclusion of rings

$\text{Ind} : A\text{-mod} \rightarrow B\text{-mod}$

$$\text{Ind}(M) = B \otimes_A M$$

$\text{Res} : B\text{-mod} \rightarrow A\text{-mod}$

$$\text{Res}(N) = {}_A N$$

Restriction is an exact functor

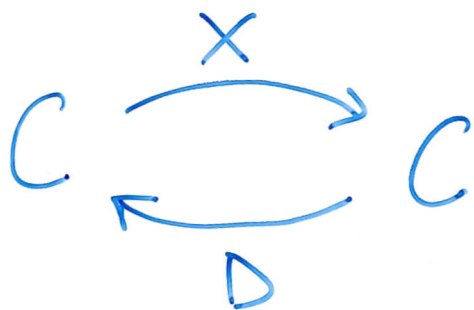
Induction is exact sometimes.

If B is projective as right A -module, Ind is exact

$$C = \bigoplus_{n \geq 0} R_n\text{-mod}$$

$$G_0(C) = \bigoplus_{n \geq 0} G_0(R_n\text{-mod})$$

$$G_0(C) \cong \mathbb{Z} \left[\frac{x^n}{n!} \right]_{n \geq 0}$$



induction
exact functors
restriction

$$X(R_n) = R_{n+1}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} [R_n] & \xrightarrow{[X]} & [R_{n+1}] \\ \parallel & & \parallel \\ x^n & \xrightarrow{\quad} & x^{n+1} \end{array}$$

$[X]$ is
multiplication
by x

$$D(R_{n+1}) = R_n^{\oplus n+1}$$

$$x^{n+1} \mapsto (n+1)x^n$$

$$\begin{array}{c} [R_{n+1}] \mapsto [R_n^{\oplus n+1}] \\ [D] \end{array}$$

$[D]$ is differentiation ∂

$$D(L_{n+1}) = L_n$$

$$\frac{x^{n+1}}{(n+1)!} \mapsto \frac{x^n}{n!}$$

$$\text{Hom}_{\mathbb{C}}(R_n, L_m) = \begin{cases} 0, & n \neq m \\ \mathbb{C}, & n = m \end{cases}$$

$$\left(x^n, \frac{x^m}{m!} \right) = \delta_{n,m}$$

$$\dim \text{Hom}_{\mathbb{C}}(P, M) = ([P], [M])$$

P - projective

$$C \xrightarrow{X, D} C$$

$$C = \bigoplus_{n \geq 0} R_n\text{-mod}$$

$$G_0(C) \xrightarrow{[X], [D]} G_0(C)$$

\cong

\cong

$$\mathbb{Z}\left[\frac{x^n}{n!}\right] \xrightarrow{x, \partial} \mathbb{Z}\left[\frac{x^n}{n!}\right]$$

Proposition There is an isomorphism of functors

$$DX \cong XD \oplus Id$$

$$R_n\text{-mod} \longrightarrow R_n\text{-mod}$$

$$\partial x = x\partial + 1$$

$$R_n \otimes R_m \subset R_{n+m}$$

Ind, Res functors

Sum over all $n, m \geq 0$

$$C \otimes C \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{\text{Ind}} \\ \xleftarrow{\text{Res}} \end{array} C$$

$$G_0(C) \times G_0(C) \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{[\text{Ind}]} \\ \xleftarrow{[\text{Res}]} \end{array} G_0(C)$$

\cong

\cong

$$\mathbb{Z}\left[\frac{x^n}{n!}\right] \times \mathbb{Z}\left[\frac{x^n}{n!}\right] \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{\quad} \\ \xleftarrow{\quad} \end{array} \mathbb{Z}\left[\frac{x^n}{n!}\right]$$

$$x^n \otimes x^m \xrightarrow{\text{multiplication}} x^{n+m}$$

comultiplication

$$\sum_{k=0}^n \frac{x^k}{k!} \otimes \frac{x^{n-k}}{(n-k)!} \xleftarrow{\quad} \frac{x^n}{n!}$$