EXAM #2A MATH V3025 Making, Breaking Codes (D. Goldfeld, 11/21/2017)

NAME: ______, E-mail ______

Do all of the following problems. Each problem is worth 10 points. Only a simple basic non-graphing calculator is allowed. Please NEATLY write out all answers (with explanations) on these sheets.

Problem 1: Suppose p is a large prime and α is a primitive root (mod p). For an integer $m > p^2$, define a hash function $h(m) \equiv \alpha^{5m} \pmod{p}$.

(a) Explain how h is pre-image resistant.

(b) Show that h is not strongly collision-free by finding a counterexample.

Problem 2: Consider the RSA protocol with $n = 11 \times 17 = 187$. Assume Alice has a secret key d = 23 and a public key e = 7.

(a) Alice computes an RSA digital signature s for the message M = 2. What is the signature s?

Answer:

(b) Briefly explain the protocol for verifying the signature s.

Problem 3: Let $E: y^2 = x^3 + ax + b$ be an elliptic curve over \mathbb{Q} . The addition law on E is given by:

$$(x_1, y_1) \oplus (x_2, y_2) = (x_3, y_3) = (m^2 - x_1 - x_2, m(x_1 - x_3) - y_1),$$

where

$$m = \begin{cases} \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} & \text{if } (x_1 y_1) \neq (x_2, y_2) \\ \frac{3x_1^2 + a}{2y_1} & \text{if } (x_1 y_1) = (x_2, y_2). \end{cases}$$

(a) Find all points that are on the elliptic curve $E: y^2 \equiv x^3 + x + 2 \pmod{3}$. Answer:

A point P on E has order k if $kP = \infty$ and $rP \neq \infty$ for any integer $1 \leq r < k$. (b) Find all points on E (mod 3) that have order 2.

Problem 4: Give an example of a zero knowledge authentication protocol based on the hard problem that it is infeasible to compute square roots (mod pq) where $p \equiv q \equiv 3 \pmod{4}$ are large primes.

Problem 5: (a) Give the definition of a finite group.

Answer:

(b) Construct an example of a finite group with 4 elements.

Problem 6:

(a) Show that $x^2 + x + 2$ is irreducible over \mathbb{F}_3 , the finite field of 3 elements.

Answer:

(b) Consider the finite field of 9 elements consisting of all polynomials in $\mathbb{Z}_3[x] \mod (x^2 + x + 2)$. Compute $(x + 1)^{-1}$ in this field.