

HW #1

Question 1.

- (1) Let P be the point $(r, \theta) = (\sqrt{3}, \frac{\pi}{4})$, given in polar coordinates.
Find the rectangular coordinates (in 2D) of the point P .
- (2) Let Q be the point $(x, y, z) = (-\sqrt{3}, -3, \sqrt{3})$, given in rectangular coordinates (in 3D).
Find the cylindrical coordinates of the point Q .
- (3) Let R be the point $(x, y, z) = (-3, \sqrt{3}, -2\sqrt{3})$, given in rectangular coordinates (in 3D).
Find the spherical coordinates of the point R .

Question 2. Let $A = (-2, 2)$ and $B = (2, -1)$. Find the components of the vector \overrightarrow{AB} , its length, and the unit vector in the same direction.

Question 3. Find the values of s, t such that

$$\vec{u} + \vec{v} = \vec{0}$$

holds, provided that the vectors \vec{u} and \vec{v} are given by

$$\vec{u} = \langle t - 2s - 1, 3s - t \rangle$$

$$\vec{v} = \langle t - 5, 2t + s - 3 \rangle$$

Question 4. Let $\vec{u} = \vec{v} - (2\vec{w} + \vec{v})$, where \vec{v} and \vec{w} are the vectors given by

$$\vec{v} = 3\vec{i} - 4\vec{j} - 9\vec{k}$$

$$\vec{w} = -\vec{i} + 2\vec{j} - 2\vec{k}$$

Find the components of the vector \vec{u} , and its length.